

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE

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Paper 1 Written Paper MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 75

Published

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	Many-to-one	1
1(b)(i)	A-NURSE(<u>NurseID</u> , FirstName, FamilyName, WardName)	1
1(b)(ii)	The primary key WardName in the A-WARD table1 links to the foreign key WardName in the A-NURSE table.1	2
1(c)(i)	Many-to-many relationship	1
1(c)(ii)	B-WARD-NURSE (<u>WardName</u> , NurseID)	2
	Both attributes (with no additions)1Joint primary key correctly underlined1	
1(c)(iii)	B-NURSE B-WARD B-WARD-NURSE Correct relationship between B-NURSE and B-WARD-NURSE 1 Correct relationship between B-WARD and B-WARD-NURSE 1	2
1(d)(i)	SELECT NurseID, FamilyName1FROM B-NURSE1WHERE Specialism = 'THEATRE';1	3
1(d)(ii)	UPDATE B-NURSE1SET FamilyName = 'Chi'1WHERE NurseID = '076';1	3

Question			Answer		Marks		
2(a)(i)		1	A laser beam and a rotating mirror are used to draw an image of the page on the photosensitive drum.		3		
		2	C // The image is converted on the drum into an electrostatic charge.				
		3	Electrostatic charge attracts toner.				
		4	The charged paper is rolled against the drum.				
		5	D // The oppositely-charged paper picks up the toner particles from the drum. After picking up the toner, the paper is discharged to stop it clinging to the drum.				
		6	A // The paper passes through a fuser, which heats up the paper. The toner melts and forms a permanent image on the paper.				
		7	B // The electrical charge is removed from the drum and the excess toner is collected.				
	C in the o DA, AB	corre	ct place	1 1 1			
2(a)(ii)	Inkjet pri	nter			1		
2(b)	Solid sta One fron	te dri n:	/e // HDD ive //SSD // flash memory	1 1	3		
		sive p	per unit of storage e capacity than flash drive	1 1			
	No movii Robust	id state storagemoving parts / noise1pust1v latency // Fast read/write time1					

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	Sampling rate The number of samples taken per unit time // the number of times the amplitude is measured per unit time 1 Increasing the sampling rate will increase the accuracy / precision of the digitised sound // Increasing the sampling rate will result in smaller quantisation errors. 1	2
3(b)(i)	PixelSmallest picture element which can be drawn1Screen resolution1The number of pixels which can be viewed horizontally and vertically on the screen //or by example - A typical screen resolution is 1680 pixels · 1080 pixels.1	2
3(b)(ii)	8	1
3(b)(iii)	<i>Working</i> : Max <u>two</u> from:	3
	Number of pixels is 2048 · 512 1	
	One pixel will be stored as one byte 1	
	Number of kilobytes = $(2048 \cdot 512) / 1024$ 1	
	Answer: One mark:	
	Number of kilobytes = 1024 KB 1	
3(b)(iv)	One from:	1
	Confirmation that the file is a BMP1File size1Location/offset of image data within the file1Dimensions of the image in pixels // image resolution1Colour depth (bits per pixel)1Type of compression used, if any1	

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)(i)	500	1
4(a)(ii)	496	1
4(a)(iii)	502	1
4(a)(iv)	86	1
4(b)	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 Both correct op codes 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 001 0001 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 <t< td=""><td>3</td></t<>	3
4(c)	256	1
4(d)(i)	07 C2 07 C2 1 1	2
4(d)(ii)	LDI 63 LDI 63 1 63 1	2

uestion								An	swer	
5(a)(i)									<u>st seven</u> bit positions 1 the count of one bits an <u>odd</u> number 1	
5(a)(ii)	A = 1 B = 1									
5(a)(iii)	<u>Two</u>	from:								
	۲ g li r	The co genera f inco neans	ates c rrect s no e	ter ch opy o oarity error i	ecks of the then then	the p parity there data	arity y byte e is ar receiv	of ea e and n erro ved	umn1ch bit position in parity byte // the computercomparescomparesr in the data received // No parity errora determined1	
5(b)(i)				Bit po	sitior	n				
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0		
	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		
	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1		
	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1		
	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0		
	0	0	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \end{pmatrix}$	0	0	1	0	0		
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0		
5(b)(ii)	Three	<u>e</u> fron	n:				-			
	F	Consider each row in sequence1Identify any row with incorrect parity1Repeat the process for each column in sequence1Identify where a row and column with incorrect parity intersect1								

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	Main memory management The user moves the mouse on the desktop	3
	Input/Output Management The user closes the Spreadsheet program	
	Secondary storage Management The user selects the Save command to save their spreadsheet file	
	Human computer interface The user selects the Print command to output their spreadsheet file	
	One mark for each correct line from each left hand box to max three marks.	
6(b)(i)	File compression software	1
6(b)(ii)	Backup software	1
6(b)(iii)	Disk repair software	1
6(b)(iv)	Anti-virus software	1

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)	Two from:	2
	The user's web browser is the client software1The requested web page has program code / script embedded within it1This code is interpreted by the web browser1	
7(b)	Four from:	Max 4
	The browser parses the URL to obtain the Domain Name1The browser software passes the Domain Name to the nearest Domain Name1Server (DNS)1The DNS stores a list of Domain Names and matching IP addresses1The DNS Name Resolver looks for the Domain Name in its database1If found the corresponding IP address is returned to the originator1If not found the request is forwarded to another higher level DNS1The original DNS adds the returned IP address to its cache1The browser uses the IP address to request the required web page from the web1Server1The web server retrieves the page and delivers it to the originator1The browser software interprets the script and displays the web page1	
7(c)(i)	Message1, Message2 1 x 1	2
7(c)(ii)	6 – 19	1
7(c)(iii)	11	1
7(c)(iv)	Checks that the product code has not be left blank // presence check on product code	1
7(c)(v)	<u>Two</u> checks from: <u>One</u> mark for check and <u>one</u> mark for description	Max 4
	Range check1Check the number entered is (say) between 1 and 1001	
	Format check 1 Checks the product code is a particular format // Checks the number has digit characters only // by example 1	
	Length check 1 The number of items has exactly five characters 1	
	Existence check1To ensure the product code has been assigned1	